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 Mob no-8210561032 Subject:-Financial Accounting

## 

 DISSOLUTION of

## When Capital is Fixed

Problem 7
The following Balance Sheet shows the position of ABC on 31st March, 2017 :

| Liabilities | Amount | Assets | Amount |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | $₹$ |  | $₹$ |
| Creditors | 20,000 | Cash | 6,000 |
| Reserve | 15,000 | Stock | 20,000 |
| Capital A/cs : |  | Machinery | 20,000 |
| A | 25,000 | Debtors | 10,000 |
| B | 15,000 | B/R | 10,000 |
|  |  | C's Capital A/c | 9,000 |
|  | 75,000 |  | 75,000 |

It was decided to dissolve the firm. C became insolvent and ₹ 2,000 only were received from his estate. The assets realised as under :

From Bills Receivable ₹ 7,000; from Stock and Debtors $25 \%$ less than the book value; from Machinery ₹ 14,000 . Realisation expenses amounted to ₹ 2,500 .

Assuming Capital Accounts as fixed, prepare Realisation Account, Capital Accounts and Cash Account according to Garner Vs. Murray decision.


## Working Notes :

1 Loss on Realisation has been distributed equally.
2 C's Deficiency of ₹ 8,334 has been shared by A and B in the ratio $5: 3$.
3 Calculation has been made nearest rupee.

